Blessing and Curse of large data

Edo Liberty





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Old programming paradigm



The input is small and the program can store/read it many timesThere is a lot of domain intelligence built into the program



Old programming paradigm



A short sentence is given to a grammar correction software.

Programers and linguists produced code which is highly specialized.



Old programming paradigm

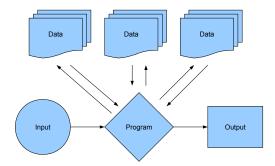
Part of a stemming module (tiny fraction of the whole process)

```
* Oparam string Sword Word to reduce

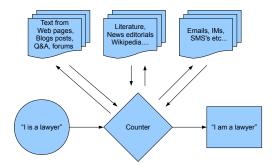
    Baccess private

* @return string Reduced word
•/
function _step_2( Sword )
    switch ( substr(Sword, -2, 1) ) {
       case 'a':
           if ( Sthis->_replace(Sword, 'ational', 'ate', 0) ) {
               return Sword;
           if ( Sthis->_replace(Sword, 'tional', 'tion', 0) ) {
               return Sword;
            ъ
           break;
       case 'c':
           if ( Sthis->_replace(Sword, 'enci', 'ence', 0) ) {
               return Sword;
           if ( Sthis->_replace(Sword, 'anci', 'ance', 0) ) {
               return Sword;
           break:
       case 'e':
           if ( Sthis->_replace(Sword, 'izer', 'ize', 0) ) {
               return Sword;
            break:
       case '1':
           // This condition is a departure from the original algorithm;
            // I adapted it from the departure in the ANSI-C version.
           if ( Sthis->_replace(Sword, 'bli', 'ble', 0) ) {
               return Sword;
            if ( Sthis->_replace(Sword, 'alli', 'al', 0) ) {
               return Sword:
           if ( Sthis->_replace(Sword, 'entli', 'ent', 0) ) {
               return Sword;
            if ( Sthis->_replace(Sword, 'eli', 'e', 0) ) {
               return Sword:
            if ( Sthis->_replace(Sword, 'ousli', 'ous', 0) ) {
               return Sword:
            break;
```



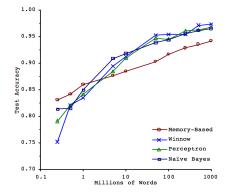


There is a huge (virtually infinite) amount of dataThe "brain" is the data and not the program



- "I is a lawyer" appeared 800,000 times usually like
 "i) is a lawyer ..." or "George I. is a lawyer" etc.
- "I am a lawyer" appeared as is 1,200,000 in respected sources.

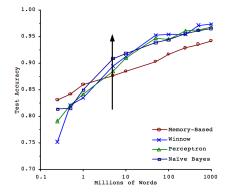




Michele Banko, Eric Brill: Scaling to Very Very Large Corpora for Natural Language Disambiguation.

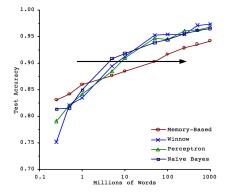


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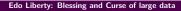


Clearly, some algorithms perform better than others.





But, having more data is sometime more important than the algorithm...

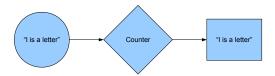






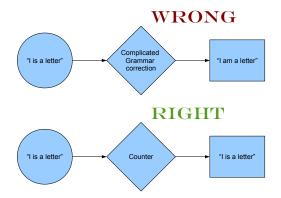
- "letter" and "lawyer" are both nouns
- "I is a letter" corrected to "I am a letter"





- "I is a letter" appeared 5,000,000 times
- "I am a letter" appeared only 200,000 times





- Could this be done in the old paradigm?
- How about grammar correcting Hungarian now?



- Ranking / sorting search results
- Web advertising
- Text and image search
- Recommendation engines
- Fighting web abuse (spam, malware etc...)
- Spelling, Suggesting
- many many more...



Careful what you wish for!

- King James Bible 1.4 MB
- Only text on Wlkipedia 6.1 GB (1GB = 1000MB)
- All *.gov domain on the web 1 TB (1TB = 1000GB)
- Incoming daily emails¹ to Yahoo! 1-10 PB (1PB = 1000GB)
- Size of the internet² 10 Exa-byte (1EB = 1000 PB)

"Simply counting" doesn't sound so easy anymore....

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¹This number depends on whether you count spam, forwards, attachments and so on. The number I give is a conservative (and intentionally obfuscated) estimate of the amount of new raw text.

 $^{^{2}}$ The size of the internet is not really known, and it is even unclear what the word "size" means exactly in this context. However, 10EB is, to the best of my knowledge, a conservative estimate of the amount of text in publicly accessible static **m**

- Massively distributed clusters (thousands of machines in each warehouse)
- Software abstraction to cluster (recovers from single node crushed etc.)

Still, working with computer clusters is an art in its own right.

- Slow communication (compared to hard drive access)
- Communication is unreliable
- Failures are often and recovery is time consuming
- Programing is complicated (good programing is very complicated).
- Many tasks are simply impossible...

Even for companies like Yahoo!, Google, and Amazon, this is a massive undertaking and a never ending effort.



On the algorithmic side:

- New complexity classed and considerations (communication complexity)
- New computational frameworks (like map-reduce or message passing)
- New algorithms, data structures, and computational models (e.g., search indexes, streaming)



It turns out the a rather small set of tools gives us many and wonderful abilities. Most of these are randomized in nature:

- Estimating
- Sampling
- Hashing
- Streaming
- Sketching
- Embedding
- and Indexing

The goal of this class to make you as comfortable with these ideas as possible by learning many different manifestations of them.

